

Recombinant Human OX40/TNFRSF4 protein (His tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031577

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 4, TNFRSF4, OX40, CD134,

Txgp1, ACT35, IMD16, TXGP1L

Species Human

Expression Host

Sequence

Met1-Ala216

Accession

P43489

Calculated Molecular Weight

Observed molecular weight

Tag

HEK293 Cells

Met1-Ala216

P43489

21.7 kDa

60 kDa

C-His

Bioactivity Testing in progress

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Please contact us for more information.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

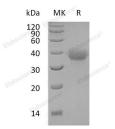
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



>95~% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

OX40, also termed CD134 and TNFRSF4, is a T cell co-stimulatory molecule of the TNF receptor superfamily which

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plays a key role in the survival and homeostasis of effector and memory T cells. OX40 is expressed on CD4+ and CD8+ T cells upon engagement of the TCR by antigen presenting cells along with co-stimulation by CD40-CD40 Ligand and CD28-B7. The interaction between OX40 and OX40 ligand (OX40L) will occur when activated T cells bind to professional antigen-presenting cells (APCs). The T-cell functions, including cytokine production, expansion, and survival, are then enhanced by the OX40 costimulatory signals. OX40 signals are critical for controlling the function and differentiation of Foxp3+ regulatory T cells. OX40-OX40L interaction regulates T-cell tolerance, peripheral T-cell homeostasis, and T-cell-mediated inflammatory diseases.

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