Recombinant Human ROBO2 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031693

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Synonyms	KIAA1568;ROBO2;SAX3	
Species	Human	
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells	
Sequence	Met 1-Pro859	
Accession	Q9HCK4-1	
Calculated Molecular Weight	94.2 kDa	
Observed molecular weight	116 kDa	
Tag	C-His	
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity	
Properties		
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.	
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.	
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.	
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.	
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.	

Data

KDa	MK	R
116	100 - a	-
66.2	-	hecience
45.0	-	Elabson
35.0	-	
25.0	-	Elabscier
18.4	lence	
14.4	-	

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

ROBO2 belongs to the ROBO family. Members of the ROBO family are a group of highly conserved transmembrane glycoproteins that make up a small subgroup of the immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily. They are best known for their roles

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web: <u>www.elabscience.com</u> Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Email: <u>techsupport@elabscience.com</u>

Elabscience®

as receptors for the Slit family of repellent axon guidance cues. In structure, ROBOs are characterized by five C2-type Iglike repeats, three fibronectin type III domains, a transmembrane region, and an intracellular domain with three (ROBO3) or four (ROBO1, 2) CC (conserved cytoplasmic) motifs. ROBO2 is a receptor for SLIT2, and probably SLIT1, which are thought to act as molecular guidance cue in cellular migration, including axonal navigation at the ventral midline of the neural tube and projection of axons to different regions during neuronal development. ROBO2 also abrogates SLIT-ROBO signaling in vitro.

For Research Use Only