Recombinant Human ACVR2B/ActivinR-IIB Protein (Fc Tag)

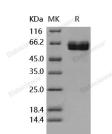


Catalog Number: PKSH031743

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	Activin Receptor Type-2B;Activin Receptor Type IIB;ACTR-IIB;ACVR2B;Bone Morphogenetic Protein Receptor Type-2;BMP Type-2 Receptor;BMPR-5;Bone Morphogenetic Protein Receptor Type II;BMP Type II Receptor
Species	Human
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Thr 134
Accession	NP_001097.2
Calculated Molecular Weight	40.0 kDa
Observed molecular weight	60-65 kDa
Tag	C-hFc
Bioactivity	 Measured by its ability to neutralize Activin-mediated inhibition on MPC11 cell proliferation. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.02-0.1 μg/mL in the presence of 10 ng/mL recombinant Activin A. Immobilized Inhibin Human, Mouse, Rat, Cynomolgus, Rhesus Inhibin beta A/Activin A at 2 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind Human ACVR2B hFc, the EC50 of Human ACVR2B hFc is 12-60 ng/mL.
Properties	
Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

Data



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Background

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ACVR2A and ACVR2B are two activin type II receptors. ACVR2B is integral to the activin and myostatin signaling pathway. Ligands such as activin and myostatin bind to ACVR2A and ACVR2B. Myostatin, a negative regulator of skeletal muscle growth, is regarded as a potential therapeutic target and binds to ACVR2B effectively, and to a lesser extent, to ACVR2A. The structure of human ACVR2B kinase domain in complex with adenine establishes the conserved bilobal architecture consistent with all other catalytic kinase domains. Haplotype structure at the ACVR2B and follistatin loci may contribute to interindividual variation in skeletal muscle mass and strength. Defects in ACVR2B are a cause of left-right axis malformations.

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