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Recombinant Human BLyS/TNFSF13B/BAFF Protein

Catalog No. PKSH031909

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms BAFF;BLYS;CD257;DTL;TALL-1;TALL1;THANK;TNFSF20;ZTNF4

Species Human
Expression Host E.coli

Sequence Ala 134-Leu 285

AccessionQ9Y275Calculated Molecular Weight18.0 kDaObserved molecular weight17 kDaTagC-His

Bioactivity Measure by its ability to induce IL-8 secretion in human PBMCs. The ED₅₀ for this

effect is < 0.5 ng/mL.

Properties

Purity > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS,pH 8.0.

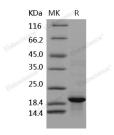
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

B lymphocyte stimulator (BLyS); also known as TNFSF13B; CD257 and BAFF; is single-pass type II membrane protein;

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which belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family. BAFF is abundantly expressed in peripheral blood Leukocytes and is specifically expressed in monocytes and macrophages. BAFF is a cytokine and serves as a ligand for receptors TNFRSF13B (TACI); TNFRSF17 (BCMA); and TNFRSF13C (BAFFR). These receptors is a prominent factor in B cell differentiation; homeostasis; and selection. BLyS levels affect survival signals and selective apoptosis of autoantibodyproducing B cells. Thus; it acts as a potent B cell activator and has been shown to play an important role in the proliferation and differentiation of B cells. Overexpression of BLyS in mice can lead to clinical and serological features of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Sjögren's syndrome (SS). BLyS as an attractive therapeutic target in human rheumatic diseases. The ability of BLyS to regulate both the size and repertoire of the peripheral B cell compartment raises the possibility that BLyS and antagonists thereof may form the basis of a therapeutic trichotomy. As an agonist; BLyS protein may enhance humoral immunity in congenital or acquired immunodeficiencies such as those resulting from viral infection or cancer therapy.

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