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# **Recombinant Rat LCN2/NGAL Protein (His Tag)**

Catalog No. PKSR030380

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

Synonyms LCN2
Species Rat

**Expression Host** Baculovirus-Insect Cells

Sequence Met 1-Asn 198

AccessionP30152Calculated Molecular Weight21.9 kDaObserved molecular weight25 kDaTagC-His

**Bioactivity** Measured by its ability to bind Iron(III) dihydroxybenzoic acid [Fe(DHBA)3]. The

binding of Fe(DHBA)3 results in the quenching of Trp fluorescence in Lipocalin2.

It binds >  $1.0 \mu M$  of Fe(DHBA)3.

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, 10% glycerol, pH 7.0

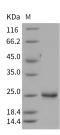
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

#### For Research Use Only

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### **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**



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Lipocalin-2 (LCN2), also known as neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin (NGAL), is a 25 kDa protein belonging to the lipocalin superfamily. It was initially found in activated neutrophils, however, many other cells, like kidney tubular cells, may produce NGAL in response to various insults. This protein is released from injured tubular cells after various damaging stimuli, is already known by nephrologists as one of the most promising biomarkers of incoming Acute Kidney Injury (AKI). Recent evidence also suggests its role as a biomarker in a variety of other renal and non-renal conditions. Moreover, recent studies seem to suggest a potential involvement of this factor also in the genesis and progression of chronic kidney diseases. NGAL is the first known mammalian protein which specifically binds organic molecules called siderophores, which are high-affinity iron chelators. NGAL, first known as an antibacterial factor of natural immunity, and an acute phase protein, is currently one of the most interesting and enigmatic proteins involved in the process of tumor development, acting as an intracellular iron carrier and protecting MMP9 from proteolytic degradation, NGAL has a clear pro-tumoral effect. In thyroid carcinomas, NGAL is strongly induced by NF-kB, an important factor involved both in tumor growth and in the link between chronic inflammation and neoplastic development. Thus, Lipocalin-2 (LCN2/NGAL) has been implicated in a variety of processes including cell differentiation, proliferation, survival and morphogenesis.

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