BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-63552

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human BRCA1
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
IHC	1:50-1:200
IF	1:50-1:200
Data	



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer using BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol. **Observed Mw:Refer to figures**

Calculated Mw:7kDa/78-85kDa/202-210kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human normal cervix using BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS using BRCA1 Polyclonal antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

For Research Use Only

Elabscience®

Preparation & Storage

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

This gene encodes a nuclear phosphoprotein that plays a role in maintaining genomic stability, and it also acts as a tumor suppressor. The encoded protein combines with other tumor suppressors, DNA damage sensors, and signal transducers to form a large multi-subunit protein complex known as the BRCA1-associated genome surveillance complex (BASC). This gene product associates with RNA polymerase II, and through the C-terminal domain, also interacts with histone deacetylase complexes. This protein thus plays a role in transcription, DNA repair of double-stranded breaks, and recombination. Mutations in this gene are responsible for approximately 40% of inherited breast cancers and more than 80% of inherited breast and ovarian cancers. Alternative splicing plays a role in modulating the subcellular localization and physiological function of this gene. Many alternatively spliced transcript variants, some of which are disease-associated mutations, have been described for this gene, but the full-length natures of only some of these variants has been described. A related pseudogene, which is also located on chromosome 17, has been identified.

For Research Use Only