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## Recombinant Human Angiopoietin-Related Protein 4/ANGPTL4 (N-6His)

Catalog No. PKSH033846

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## **Description**

Synonyms Angiopoietin-related protein 4;425O18-1;Angiopoietin-like protein 4;Fasting-

induced adipose factor; Hepatic fibrinogen/angiopoietin-related protein; HFARP; Secreted protein Bk89; Angptl4; Farp; Fiaf; Ng27

Species Human

Expression Host HEK293 Cells
Sequence Pro166-Ser406
Accession Q9BY76
Calculated Molecular Weight 27.9 kDa
Observed molecular weight 32-38 kDa

**Bioactivity** Not validated for activity

## **Properties**

Tag

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

N-His

**Endotoxin**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$ 

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 100mM NaCl, pH7.4.

Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

## **Background**

Angiopoietin-related protein 4 (ANGPTL4) is a secreted protein and contains 1 fibrinogen C-terminal domain. The protein may act as a regulator of angiogenesis and modulate tumorigenesis. It inhibits proliferation, migration, and tubule formation of endothelial cells and reduces vascular leakage. ANGPTL4 may exert a protective function on endothelial cells through an endocrine action. It is directly involved in regulating glucose homeostasis, lipid metabolism, and insulin sensitivity (By similarity). In response to hypoxia, the unprocessed form of the protein accumulates in the subendothelial extracellular matrix (ECM). The matrix-associated and immobilized unprocessed form limits the formation of actin stress fibers and focal contacts in the adhering endothelial cells and inhibits their adhesion. It also decreases motility of endothelial cells and inhibits the sprouting and tube formation.

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