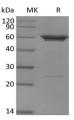
## **Recombinant Human PFKFB3 (N-6His)**

Catalog Number: PKSH033971



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

| Description                 |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Synonyms                    | IPFK2;PFK2;iPFK-2;PFK/FBPase 3  |
| Species                     | Human   |
| Expression Host             | E.coli  |
| Sequence                    | Met1-His520   |
| Accession                   | Q16875  |
| Calculated Molecular Weight | 61.8 kDa  |
| Observed molecular weight   | 57-62 kDa   |
| Tag                         | N-His   |
| Properties                  |   |
| Purity                      | > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.  |
| Endotoxin                   | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.   |
| Storage                     | Store at $< -20^{\circ}$ C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.  |
| Shipping                    | This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at $< -20^{\circ}$ C. |
| Formulation                 | Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 50mM KCl, 5mM DTT, 0.1mM EDTA, 50% glycerol, 0.1% TritonX-100, pH 6.0.                                 |
| Reconstitution              | Not Applicable  |
| Data                        |   |
|                             |   |



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

Fructose-2,6-biphosphatase 3, also known as 6-phosphofructo-2-kinase or PFK2 or PFKFB3, involved in both the synthesis and degradation of fructose-2,6-bisphosphate, a regulatory molecule that controls the activity of the enzymes phosphofructokinase 1 (PFK-1) and fructose 1,6-bisphosphatase (FBPase-1) to regulate glycolysis and gluconeogenesis. Highly phosphorylated PFKFB3 protein was found in human tumor cells, vascular endothelial cells, and smooth muscle cells. Because of its proto-oncogenic character, the PFK-2/FBPase-2 of the PFKFB3 gene is assumed to play a critical role in tumorigenesis. PFKFB3 also plays a crucial role in the progression of cancerous cells by enabling their glycolytic pathways even under severe hypoxic conditions, which makes it a potential target for cancer therapy.

## For Research Use Only

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