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Recombinant Cynomolgus Thymic Stromal Lymphopoietin/TSLP (C-6His)

Catalog No. PKSQ050102

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms Thymic stromal lymphopoietin; Thymic stroma-derived lymphopoietin; TSLP

Species Cynomolgus macaques

Expression Host E.coli

Sequence Tyr29-Gln159(Glu37Gln)

Accession XP_005557555.1

Calculated Molecular Weight 16.2 kDa

Observed molecular weight 16 kDa

Tag C-His

Bioactivity Loaded Anti-Human TSLP mAb-Fc on Protein A Biosensor, can bind Cynomolgus

TSLP-His with an affinity constant of 0.07 nM as determined in BLI assay.

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 6% Trehalose, 2%

Glycine, 50mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, pH7.5.

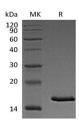
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

For Research Use Only

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Thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) is a protein belonging to the cytokine family, contains 140 amino acids. It is known to play an important role in the maturation of T cell populations through activation of antigen presenting cells. TSLP induces the release of T-cell-attracting chemokines from monocytes and, in particular, enhances the maturation of CD11c+ dendritic cells. It can induce allergic inflammation by directly activating mast cells. TSLP is produced mainly by non-hematopoietic cells such as fibroblasts, epithelial cells and different types of stromal or stromal-like cells. These cells are located in regions where TSLP activity is required.

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