

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# **CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No. E-AB-64807

*Note:* Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat

**Immunogen** Recombinant fusion protein of human CAMLG (NP\_001736.1).

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

**Purification** Affinity purification

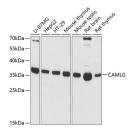
Conjugation Unconjugated

**Buffer** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

## **Applications** Recommended Dilution

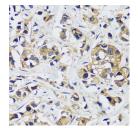
WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:50-1:100 IF 1:50-1:200

## Data

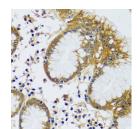


Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:3000.

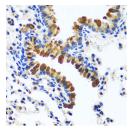
Observed Mw:38kDa Calculated Mw:32kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer using CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human stomach using CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse lung using CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

#### For Research Use Only

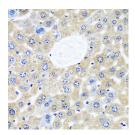
Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Web: www.elabscience.com

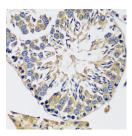
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Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse liver using CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse testis using CAMLG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

# **Preparation & Storage**

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

## **Background**

The immunosuppressant drug cyclosporin A blocks a calcium-dependent signal from the T-cell receptor (TCR) that normally leads to T-cell activation. When bound to cyclophilin B, cyclosporin A binds and inactivates the key signaling intermediate calcineurin. The protein encoded by this gene functions similarly to cyclosporin A, binding to cyclophilin B and acting downstream of the TCR and upstream of calcineurin by causing an influx of calcium. This integral membrane protein appears to be a new participant in the calcium signal transduction pathway, implicating cyclophilin B in calcium signaling, even in the absence of cyclosporin.

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