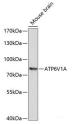
ATP6V1A Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-65078



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human ATP6V1A (NP_001681.2).
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:500-1:2000
Data	



Western blot analysis of extracts of Mouse brain using ATP6V1A Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000. Observed Mw:74kDa Calculated Mw:64kDa/68kDa

Preparation & Storage

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is one of two V1 domain A subunit isoforms and is found in all tissues. Transcript variants derived from alternative polyadenylation exist.

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