

SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-60468

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

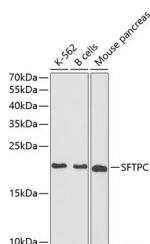
Description

Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human SFTPC (NP_001165881.1).
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Applications Recommended Dilution

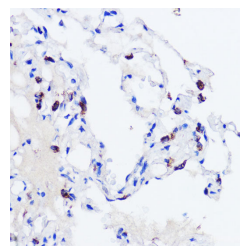
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:50-1:200
IF	1:50-1:200

Data

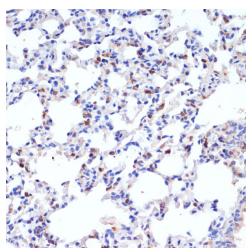


Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

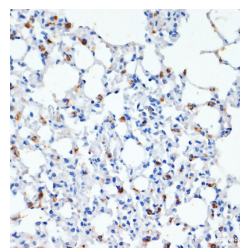
Observed Mw:21kDa
Calculated Mw:20kDa/21kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung using SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Rat lung using SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse lung using SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200 (40x lens).

For Research Use Only

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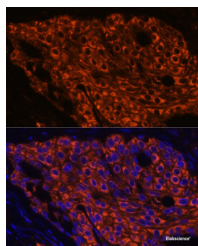
Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623

Web: www.elabscience.com

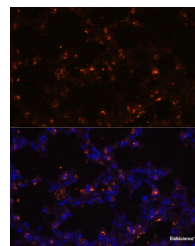
Tel: 1-832-243-6086

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Fax: 1-832-243-6017



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human lung cancer using SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse lung using SFTPC Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

This gene encodes the pulmonary-associated surfactant protein C (SPC), an extremely hydrophobic surfactant protein essential for lung function and homeostasis after birth. Pulmonary surfactant is a surface-active lipoprotein complex composed of 90% lipids and 10% proteins which include plasma proteins and apolipoproteins SPA, SPB, SPC and SPD. The surfactant is secreted by the alveolar cells of the lung and maintains the stability of pulmonary tissue by reducing the surface tension of fluids that coat the lung. Multiple mutations in this gene have been identified, which cause pulmonary surfactant metabolism dysfunction type 2, also called pulmonary alveolar proteinosis due to surfactant protein C deficiency, and are associated with interstitial lung disease in older infants, children, and adults. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different protein isoforms have been identified.

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