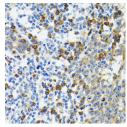
HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody

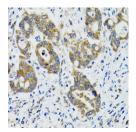
Catalog No. E-AB-61256

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

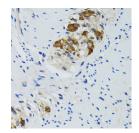
Description	
Reactivity	Human,Mouse
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human HYOU1 (NP_001124463.1).
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
IHC	1:50-1:200
Data	



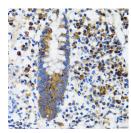
Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil using HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon carcinoma using HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

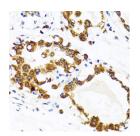


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon using HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human vermiform appendix using HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

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Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast using HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse testis using HYOU1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

Preparation & Storage

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the heat shock protein 70 family. This gene uses alternative transcription start sites. A cis-acting segment found in the 5' UTR is involved in stress-dependent induction, resulting in the accumulation of this protein in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) under hypoxic conditions. The protein encoded by this gene is thought to play an important role in protein folding and secretion in the ER. Since suppression of the protein is associated with accelerated apoptosis, it is also suggested to have an important cytoprotective role in hypoxia-induced cellular perturbation. This protein has been shown to be up-regulated in tumors, especially in breast tumors, and thus it is associated with tumor invasiveness. This gene also has an alternative translation initiation site, resulting in a protein that lacks the N-terminal signal peptide. This signal peptide-lacking protein, which is only 3 amino acids shorter than the mature protein in the ER, is thought to have a housekeeping function in the cytosol. In rat, this protein localizes to both the ER by a carboxy-terminal peptide sequence and to mitochondria by an amino-terminal targeting signal. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.