

## FLK1 Polyclonal Antibody

**Catalog No.** E-AB-70080

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

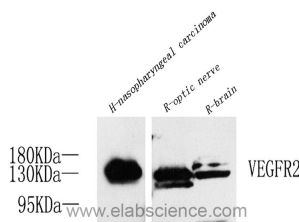
### Description

|                     |                                                                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>   | Human, Mouse, Rat                                                          |
| <b>Immunogen</b>    | KLH conjugated Synthetic peptide corresponding to Mouse VEGFR2             |
| <b>Host</b>         | Rabbit                                                                     |
| <b>Isotype</b>      | IgG                                                                        |
| <b>Purification</b> | Affinity purification                                                      |
| <b>Conjugation</b>  | Unconjugated                                                               |
| <b>Buffer</b>       | PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 1% protective protein and 50% glycerol, pH7.4 |

### Applications Recommended Dilution

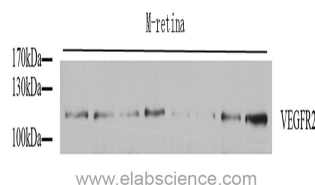
**WB** 1:500-1:1000

### Data



Western Blot analysis of various samples using FLK1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:800.

**Observed Mw:120kDa**  
**Calculated Mw:120kDa**



Western Blot analysis of various samples using FLK1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:800.

### Preparation & Storage

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

### Background

Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) is a major growth factor for endothelial cells. This gene encodes one of the two receptors of the VEGF. This receptor, known as kinase insert domain receptor, is a type III receptor tyrosine kinase. It functions as the main mediator of VEGF-induced endothelial proliferation, survival, migration, tubular morphogenesis and sprouting. The signalling and trafficking of this receptor are regulated by multiple factors, including Rab GTPase, P2Y purine nucleotide receptor, integrin alphaVbeta3, T-cell protein tyrosine phosphatase, etc.. Mutations of this gene are implicated in infantile capillary hemangiomas.

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