

beta Amyloid Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-70168

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

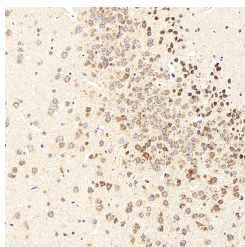
Description

Reactivity	Mouse,Rat
Immunogen	KLH conjugated Synthetic peptide corresponding to Mouse APP
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 1% protective protein and 50% glycerol, pH7.4

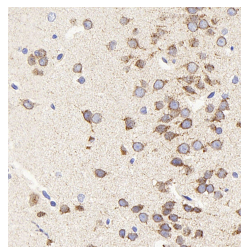
Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:200-1:800

Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse brain using beta Amyloid Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:300.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat brain using beta Amyloid Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:300.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

A β derives from APP via proteolytic cleavage by proteases called α -, β - and γ -secretase. The α -secretase cleavage precludes the formation of A β , while the β - and γ -cleavages generate APP components with amyloidogenic features. Amyloid beta A4 precursor protein (APP), encoded by APP gene which locate on human chromosome 21q, is a cell surface receptor and performs physiological functions on the surface of neurons relevant to neurite growth, neuronal adhesion and axonogenesis. APP expressed in all fetal tissues and is pronounced in brain, kidney, heart and spleen, but weak in liver. Defects in APP are the cause of Alzheimer disease type 1 (AD1).

For Research Use Only