# Recombinant Mouse IL-17D protein(N-His)

Catalog Number: PKSM041506



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Desc	$\mathbf{n}$	$\mathbf{n}$
DUSU.		

SynonymsFlt3LSpeciesMouseExpression HostE.coli

SequenceAla 25-Arg 205AccessionNP\_665836.2Calculated Molecular Weight20.7 kDaObserved molecular weight25 kDaTagN-His

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 0.1 EU per  $\mu$ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile 20 mM sodium citrate, 0.2 M NaCl, pH 4.5.

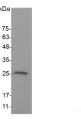
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## **Background**

The Interleukin-17 family proteins, comprising six members (IL-17, IL-17B through IL-17F), are secreted, structurally related proteins that share a conserved cysteine-knot fold near the C-terminus, but have considerable sequence divergence at the N-terminus. IL-17 family proteins are proinflammatory cytokines that induce local cytokine production and are involved in the regulation of immune functions. Among IL-17 family members, IL-17D is most closely related to IL-17B, sharing 27% aa sequence homology. IL-17D is expressed preferentially in skeletal muscle, heart, adipose tissue, lung, pancreas, and nervous system. Like other IL-17 family members, IL-17D modulates immune responses indirectly by stimulating the production of myeloid growth factors and chemokines including IL-6, IL-8, and GM-CSF. IL-17D has also been shown to suppress the proliferation of myeloid progenitors in colony formation assays.

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