## **PAI1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog Number: D-AB-10382L



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## **Description**

**Reactivity** Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant Human PAI1 protein expressed by Mammalian

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

**Purification** Antigen Affinity Purification

Conjugation Unconjugated

**Formulation** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol pH 7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

**WB** 1:500-1:1000

### Data



Western blot with PAI1 Polyclonal antibody at dilution of 1:1000.lane 1:Mouse placenta

Observed Mw:45kDa Calculated Mw:48kDa

## **Preparation & Storage**

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

## **Background**

Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1,also known as PAI-1,Endothelial plasminogen activator inhibitor,SerpinE1 and PLANH1,is a secreted glycoprotein that belongs to the serpin family. SerpinE1 is the primary physiological inhibitor of the two plasminogen activators urokinase (uPA) and tissue plasminogen activator (tPA). Its rapid interaction with TPA may function as a major control point in the regulation of fibrinolysis. Defects in SerpinE1 are the cause of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 deficiency (PAI-1 deficiency) which is characterized by abnormal bleeding due to SerpinE1 defect in the plasma. High concentrations of SerpinE1 have been associated with thrombophilia which is an autosomal dominant disorder in which affected individuals are prone to develop serious spontaneous thrombosis. Studies of PAI-1 have contributed significantly to the elucidation of the protease inhibitory mechanism of serpins, which is based on a metastable native state becoming stabilised by insertion of the RCL into the central beta-sheet A and formation of covalent complexes with target proteases. Greater expression of PAI-1 has been associated with increased survival of cells and resistance to apoptosis. PAI-1 appears to influence apoptosis by decreasing cell adhesion (anoikis) as well as its effect on intracellular signaling. PAI-1, in its active state, also binds to the extracellular protein vitronectin. When in complex with its target proteases, it binds with high affinity to endocytosis receptors of the low density receptor family. The mechanisms of PAI-1 overexpression during obesity are complex, and it is conceivable that several inducers are involved at the same time at several sites of synthesis. PAI-1 is also implicated in adipose tissue development. It suggests that PAI-1 inhibitors serve

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in the control of atherothrombosis.

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